Academy of Sciences collected by Michelbacher and Ross. from 10 mi. N.W. of LaPaz, Oct. 6, 1941; Arroyo Seco. Oct. 6; San Venancio, Oct. 8; and Agua Caliente, Cape Region. Oct. 18. It is thus far known only from the southern part of the peninsula.

NEW ENGLAND RECORDS OF ULULODES CURRIE (NEUROP-TERA: ASCALAPHIDAE). — There are few records of the two indigenous species of Ululodes from the northeastern corner of the United States. The genus is not mentioned in Procter's Biological Survey of the Mount Desert Region [Maine], Part VII, 1946, nor is it recorded by Johnson in his Insects of Nantucket, 1930, or by Britton in the Check-List of the Insects of Connecticut, 1920 and 1938. There is only one citation in Leonard's List of the Insects of New York, 1926; and this is of U. quadripunctata from Staten Island, in the extreme southeast. Records of both species are more plentiful in Smith's Insects of New Jersey, 1910, and Brimley's Insects of North Carolina, 1938; the former work citing two localities for U. hyalina and five for U. quadripunctata, and the latter, four and two localities for these species, respectively.

Inasmuch as they represent extensions of the known ranges of both species, the following records from the author's collections are presented herewith, even though lacking such desirable data as precise locality and year of collection: *Ululodes hyalina* Latr., Marthas Vineyard, Massachusetts, 19 July, 1 specimen at light. *Ululodes quadripunctata* Burm., Marthas Vineyard, Mass., 2 August, 1 specimen at light; New London, Connecticut, July-August. 1948, 1 specimen. In all cases, poor condition precludes determination of sex of these specimens. The author will gratefully receive any records or specimens of *Ululodes* from the northeastern United States. — George H. Beatty, III, Plumsteadville, Pennsylvania.